

$$y'' + 4y' + 4y = 13e^t \cos 2t, \quad y(0) = 2, \quad y'(0) = -3$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} s^2 Y - sy(0) - y'(0) & & \\ + 4(sY - y(0)) & = & \frac{13(s-1)}{(s-1)^2 + 4} \\ + 4Y & & \end{array}$$

$$(s^2 + 4s + 4)Y - 2s - 5 = \frac{13(s-1)}{(s-1)^2 + 4}$$

$$Y = \frac{2s+5}{(s+2)^2} + \frac{13(s-1)}{(s+2)^2[(s-1)^2+4]}$$

$$\frac{2s+5}{(s+2)^2} = \frac{A}{s+2} + \frac{B}{(s+2)^2}$$

$$2s+5 = A(s+2) + B$$

$$A=2, B=1$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{2}{s+2} + \frac{1}{(s+2)^2}\right\} = 2e^{-2t} + te^{-2t}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{-\frac{5}{13}}{s+2} + \frac{-3}{(s+2)^2} + \frac{\frac{5}{13}(s-1) + \frac{12}{13}(2)}{(s-1)^2+4}\right\}$$

$$= -\frac{5}{13}e^{-2t} - 3te^{-2t} + \frac{5}{13}e^t \cos 2t + \frac{12}{13}e^t \sin 2t$$

$$y = \frac{21}{13}e^{-2t} - 2te^{-2t} + \frac{5}{13}e^t \cos 2t + \frac{12}{13}e^t \sin 2t$$

SANITY CHECK: $\frac{13(-4)}{20} = \frac{5}{13} - 3 + \frac{-20+24}{20}$

$$s=-3$$

$$-\frac{13}{5} = \frac{5}{13} - 3 + \frac{1}{65} = \frac{26}{65} - 3$$

$$= \frac{2}{5} - 3 = -\frac{13}{5} \checkmark$$

$$\frac{13(s-1)}{(s+2)^2[(s-1)^2+4]} = \frac{A}{s+2} + \frac{B}{(s+2)^2} + \frac{C(s-1)+D(2)}{(s-1)^2+4}$$

$$13(s-1) = A(s+2)[(s-1)^2+4] + B[(s-1)^2+4] + C(s-1)(s+2)^2 + D(2(s+2)^2)$$

$$s=-2: -39 = 13B \rightarrow B = -3$$

$$13(s-1) = A(s+2)[(s-1)^2+4] - 3(s-1)^2 + C(s-1)(s+2)^2 + D(2(s+2)^2)$$

$$3s^2 + 7s + 2 = (s+2)(3s+1) = A(s+2)[(s-1)^2+4] + C(s-1)(s+2)^2 + D(2(s+2)^2)$$

$$s=-2: -5 = 13A \rightarrow A = -\frac{5}{13}$$

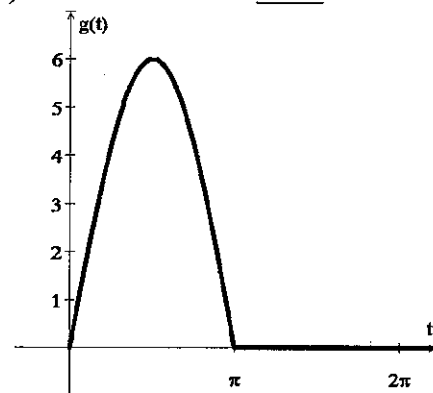
$$s=1: 4 = 4A + 6D \rightarrow D = \frac{2}{3}(1-A) = \frac{12}{13}$$

$$\text{COEF OF } s^2: 0 = A + C \rightarrow C = -A = \frac{5}{13}$$

Use Laplace transforms to solve the initial value problem $y'' + y' - 2y = g(t)$, $y(0) = -5$, $y'(0) = 4$ where $g(t)$ is the function whose graph is shown on the right.

SCORE: ____ / 16 PTS

NOTE: The first piece of $g(t)$ is a half-period of a sinusoidal function. The second piece is 0.



$$g(t) = \begin{cases} 6 \sin t, & t \in [0, \pi] \\ 0, & t > \pi \end{cases}$$

$$= 6 \sin t - 6u(t-\pi) \sin t$$

$$\begin{aligned} s^2 Y - sy(0) - y'(0) &= \frac{6}{s^2+1} - 6e^{-\pi s} \mathcal{L}\{\sin(t+\pi)\} \\ +sY - y(0) &= \frac{6}{s^2+1} - 6e^{-\pi s} \mathcal{L}\{\sin(t+\pi)\} \\ -2Y & \end{aligned}$$

$$\sin(t+\pi) = -\sin t$$

$$(s^2 + s - 2)Y + 5s + 1 = \frac{6}{s^2+1} + \frac{6e^{-\pi s}}{s^2+1}$$

$$Y = -\frac{5s+1}{(s+2)(s-1)} + \frac{6}{(s+2)(s-1)(s^2+1)} + e^{-\pi s} \frac{6}{(s+2)(s-1)(s^2+1)}$$

$$-\frac{5s+1}{(s+2)(s-1)} = \frac{A}{s+2} + \frac{B}{s-1}$$

$$-5s-1 = A(s-1) + B(s+2)$$

$$s=1: -6 = 3B \rightarrow B = -2$$

$$s=-2: 9 = -3A \rightarrow A = -3$$

SANITY CHECK: $-\frac{11}{4} \stackrel{?}{=} -\frac{3}{4} - 2 \checkmark$
 $s=2$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{-3}{s+2} + \frac{-2}{s-1}\right\} = -3e^{-2t} - 2e^t$$

$$\frac{6}{(s+2)(s-1)(s^2+1)} = \frac{C}{s+2} + \frac{D}{s-1} + \frac{Es+F}{s^2+1}$$

$$6 = C(s-1)(s^2+1) + D(s+2)(s^2+1) + Es(s+2)(s-1) + F(s+2)(s-1)$$

$$s=1: 6 = 6D \rightarrow D=1$$

$$s=-2: 6 = -15C \rightarrow C = -\frac{2}{5}$$

$$s=0: 6 = \frac{2}{5} + 2 - 2F \rightarrow F = -\frac{9}{5}$$

$$\text{COEF OF } s^3: 0 = C + D + E \rightarrow E = -(C+D) = -\frac{3}{5}$$

SANITY CHECK: $\frac{6}{4(5)} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{-\frac{2}{5}}{4} + 1 + \frac{-\frac{6}{5} + \frac{-9}{5}}{5}$
 $s=2$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3}{10} &\stackrel{?}{=} -\frac{1}{10} + 1 - \frac{3}{5} \\ &= \frac{-1+10-6}{10} \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{-\frac{2}{5}}{s+2} + \frac{1}{s-1} + \frac{-\frac{3}{5}s - \frac{9}{5}}{s^2+1}\right\} = -\frac{2}{5}e^{-2t} + e^t - \frac{3}{5}\cos t - \frac{9}{5}\sin t$$

$$y = -\frac{17}{5}e^{-2t} - e^t - \frac{3}{5}\cos t - \frac{9}{5}\sin t + u(t-\pi)\left[-\frac{2}{5}e^{-2(t-\pi)} + e^{t-\pi} + \frac{3}{5}\cos t + \frac{9}{5}\sin t\right]$$

SINCE
 $\cos(t-\pi) = -\cos t$
 $\sin(t-\pi) = -\sin t$